



GATEWAY GASTROENTEROLOGY INC.

Office: (314) 529-4900

Fax: (314) 434-2679

www.gatewaygi.com

Jason Haas, D.O.
Jeffrey Mathews, M.D.
Brian McMorrow, M.D.
Rajeev Ramgopal, M.D.
Richard Riegel, M.D.
Jonathan Seccombe, M.D.
Fred Williams, M.D.
Amelia Aubuchon, F.N.P.
Cheri Carmody, A.N.P.
Kaitlin Schild, A.G.N.P.
Danielle Smith, F.N.P.

Patient information on Hydrogen Breath Test

The test is used for detecting abnormal growth of bacteria within the small bowel by having the patient ingest lactulose. Bacterial overgrowth can cause a variety of symptoms including diarrhea, bloating, gas, and abdominal cramps.

Your appointment is on _____ at _____ in our office, which is located at St. Luke's Outpatient Center, 121 St. Luke's Center Drive, #406, Building A, Chesterfield, MO 63017.

Preparation for the Bacterial Overgrowth Test:

- For four (4) weeks before your test, you should not take any antibiotics.
- For one (1) week before your test, do not take any laxatives or stool softeners (for example Colace, Milk of Magnesia, Ex-Lax) or stool bulking agents (for example Metamucil or Citrucel). You should also not undergo any test that requires cleansing of the bowel, such as colonoscopy or barium enema at least 2 weeks prior.
- **The day before the test:**
If you are having the **Bacterial Overgrowth test** - you may consume only the following foods and drinks: only 1 slice of plain white bread the entire day, plain white rice, 1 small plain white potato, baked or broiled chicken or fish, water, non-flavored black coffee, or tea. Only salt and pepper may be used to flavor your food. Butter or margarine is not permitted. Soda and other carbonated beverages are not permitted. **DO NOT EAT OR DRINK ANYTHING ELSE** – it could give a false result for the test. Specifically, avoid beans, pasta, fiber cereals, and high fiber foods. **The night before the test, have an early dinner with a small amount of rice and meat.**
- **For 12 hours before the test:**
You must stop eating and drinking 12 hours before the test. For example, if your test is at 9:00am, you would stop eating and drinking at 9:00pm the night before. You may continue to take your usual prescription medicines with water until 12 hours before the test. Take no medications the morning of the test. Please bring a list of your prescription medications to your appointment.
- **The day of the test:**
You should not eat or drink anything in the morning. If you are diabetic requiring insulin or diabetic pills, ask your physician if you should change your morning dose. Generally, half of your

normal long-acting insulin is given. Oral hypoglycemic medications are usually not taken that morning until completion of the test and resumption of eating meals.

Two hours before the test, brush your teeth. NO MOUTHWASH!

DO NOT EAT, DRINK, CHEW GUM OR TOBACCO, SMOKE CIGARETTES, EAT BREATH MINTS OR CANDY BEFORE OR DURING THE TEST.

Do not sleep or exercise while the test is being done.

- Your test may last for two hours. Please allow yourself sufficient time to complete your test.

The Test Procedure

- The technician will verify that you have not had anything to eat or drink within the past 12 hours.
- A breath sample will be collected by having you breathe into a disposable tube connected to handheld analyzer.
- A solution of lactose, lactulose, or fructose will be given to drink. You should drink this entire Amount.
- Breath samples will be collected every 15-30 minutes.
- During the test, you should take notice of your symptoms and inform the technician if you have Your typical symptoms for which the test is being performed.
- During the test, you should not eat candy, chew gum, smoke, sleep, or exercise.
- When the test is over, generally after two to four hours, you may leave. You may return to your usual diet and activity after the test.
- The data will then be analyzed, with results usually ready the next business day. The report will be sent to your doctor.

Principles of Hydrogen Breath Testing

Hydrogen gas in the body is produced from intestinal bacteria. Bacteria, normally in the large intestine, produce hydrogen through fermentation of carbohydrates – such as lactose, lactulose, and fructose which are substrates given for the hydrogen breath test. Some of the hydrogen produced by bacteria is absorbed by intestinal mucosa whereby it enters the vasculature and is transported to the lungs. Hydrogen is then exhaled by the lungs by normal breathing. This is collected in the bag for subsequent analysis.

In small intestinal bacterial overgrowth, the small intestinal bacteria metabolize the lactulose given and produce an early rise on the breath hydrogen.